2000/02 PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND Corporate Land Use Inventory Land Use and Land Cover Summary



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Resource Inventory and Modeling Section, Department of Agriculture and Forestry

Introduction

The 2000/02 Corporate Land Use Inventory followed the same general methodology used in the 1990/92 Forest Biomass Inventory of Prince Edward Island. However, it also included a much more detailed study of non forest land than had been the case in the earlier forest inventory projects.

The major difference between the 1990/92 inventory and the 2000/02 inventory was the identification of both land use and land cover. The 1990/92 project had used a combination of both land use and cover. In the case of forested land, a cover description was given but in the case of most other land uses none was determined. The inclusion of both land use and cover enables the 2000/02 inventory to meet the needs of a wider range of partners.

The following agencies were involved in the development of the Corporate Land Use Inventory;

Water Resources Division, Department of Technology and Environment
Fish and Wildlife Division, Department of Technology and Environment
Planning Section, Department of Economic Development and Tourism
Policy and Planning Division, Department of Agriculture and Forestry
Agriculture Division, Department of Agriculture and Forestry
Natural Resources Division, Department of Agriculture and Forestry
Information Technology Division, Department of Agriculture and Forestry
Planning and Design Section, Highways Division, Dept. of Transportation and Public Works
Properties Section, Public Works Operations Division, Dept. of Transportation and Public Works
Provincial Planning Branch, Department of Community Services and Attorney General
Island Nature Trust

Southeast Environmental Association

(Note: A number of the agencies have changed there names since the beginning of the project. The names used are those used when the project began.)

The project was carried out under the direction of the Resource Inventory and Modeling Section of the Department of Agriculture and Forestry. Project planning began in 1997 with the development of draft specifications. This was followed by a pilot study in 1998/99. The actual project began in the summer of 2000 with the acquisition of the aerial photography. New orthophoto maps, photo interpretation and the creation of the digital maps were completed in early 2003.

The mapping component used false colour infrared aerial photographs taken in July and August 2000 at a scale of 1:17,500. Historically, the Island has used infrared photography because it emphasizes differences between tree species and other vegetation, and improves the detection of vegetation stress such as insect and disease damage. Aerial photograph negatives were digitally scanned and these images were used to create the first digital orthophoto maps of the Province.

This report summarizes some of the findings from the interpretation of the 2000 photography.

Land use

Total

Land use across the province was broken down in to twelve major categories. The interpretation results are shown in descending order of area in Table I. Types of land within each category are given in Tables II to X.

 $Table\ I$ Summary of Land Use on Prince Edward Island in 2000

| Forestry | ectares 256,900 222,095 35,996 16,208 12,588 12,365 7,111 5,341 3,016 2,157 883 676 |
|----------|---|
| Total 5 | 575,335 |

Note: Minor discrepancies may exist between grand totals and the sum of individual values due to rounding.

Most of these major land use categories were broken down into sub uses where it was evident to the photo interpreters. Tables II to X provides a summary of these findings.

Forest land use areas were not broken down into sub uses but is subdivided in the Land Cover portion of this report.

Table II
Area of the Agriculture land use by sub use

| | Hectares |
|---------------------------|----------|
| Crops (see Table XI) | 211,454 |
| Farmsteads | 4,530 |
| Hedgerows | 5,875 |
| Feedlots | 161 |
| Orchards | 45 |
| Nurseries | 27 |
| Major manure storage area | 2 |
| | |

Note: Minor discrepancies may exist between grand totals and the sum of individual values due to rounding.

222,094

Table III
Area of the Wetlands land use by sub use

| | Hectares |
|----------------------|----------|
| No sub use specified | 29,635 |
| Forest | 6,306 |
| Sewage lagoons | 24 |
| Reservoirs | 21 |
| Total | 35,996 |

Not: Minor discrepancies may exist between grand totals and the sum of individual values due to rounding.

Tables (IV- IX) summarize the developed land categories. The category of Urban was not subdivided.

 $\label{eq:Table IV} \textbf{Area of the Transportation land use by sub use}$

| | Hectares |
|--------------------------|----------|
| Roads | 10,592 |
| Wharves | 90 |
| Airports | 424 |
| Power lines | 137 |
| Abandoned railway | 1,311 |
| Lighthouses | 9 |
| Communication structures | 25 |
| Total | 12,588 |

Note: Minor discrepancies may exist between grand totals and the sum of individual values due to rounding.

Table V shows the breakdown of residential land outside the urban areas. The total area of residential land is understated due to the significant amount of this land in urban areas.

| | Hectares |
|-------------------------|----------|
| Not specified | 697 |
| Single unit dwellings | 10,257 |
| Multiple unit dwellings | 22 |
| Cottages | 1,345 |
| Mobile home parks | 44 |
| Total | 12 365 |

Table VI illustrates the breakdown of industrial land outside urban areas. As in the case of residential land, the total area of industrial is understated due to the fact that most of this land is within urban areas.

Table VI
Area of the Industrial land use by sub use

| | Hectares |
|---------------------|----------|
| Not specified | 886 |
| Auto salvage | 108 |
| Excavation pits | 1,668 |
| Fertilizer plants | 73 |
| Food Processing | 219 |
| Tank farm | 16 |
| Sawmill/lumber yard | 46 |
| Total | 3.016 |

Note: Minor discrepancies may exist between grand totals and the sum of individual values due to rounding.

 $\label{eq:total condition} Table~VII~$ Area of the Recreation land use by sub use

| | Hectares |
|----------------|----------|
| Not specified | 222 |
| Golf courses | 1,350 |
| Campgrounds | 352 |
| Playing fields | 195 |
| Ski slope | 30 |
| Rinks | 8 |
| Total | 2.157 |

Note: Minor discrepancies may exist between grand totals and the sum of individual values due to rounding.

Table VIII shows the breakdown of commercial land outside the urban areas. As in the case of residential and industrial land, the total area of commercial land is understated due to the fact that most of this land is located within urban areas.

Table VIII Area of the Commercial land use by sub use

| | Hectares |
|-------------------|----------|
| Not specified | 453 |
| Accommodation | 312 |
| Motor vehicle | 57 |
| Retail | 40 |
| Food and beverage | 21 |
| Total | 883 |

Note: Minor discrepancies may exist between grand totals and the sum of individual values due to rounding.

Table IX shows the breakdown of institutional land outside the urban areas. As in the case of residential, industrial and commercial land, the total area of institutional land is understated due to the fact that most of this land is located within urban areas.

| | Hectares |
|----------------|----------|
| Not specified | 61 |
| Schools | 254 |
| Churches | 174 |
| Cemeteries | 112 |
| Historic Sites | 46 |
| Hospitals | 29 |
| Total | 676 |

Note: Minor discrepancies may exist between grand totals and the sum of individual values due to rounding.

Land Cover

The inventory describes Land Cover as a percentage of the area covered when viewed from above. For example, a forest stand may be describes as red maple 30%, white birch 30%, poplar 20% and pin cherry 20%, while a residential subdivision may be grass 40%, buildings 30%, trees 20% and paved 10%.

Tables $X\,$ - XIX provide summary information on the land cover of each of the major land use categories.

Table X groups the forest tree species into softwood and hardwood categories. More detailed forest summaries will be found in a separate report to be issued by the Department of Agriculture and Forestry.

| | Forest | Forested | Total |
|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | Wetland | |
| | Hectares | Hectares | Hectares |
| Softwood | 52,753 | 2,960 | 55,713 |
| Softwood-hardwood | 32,728 | 604 | 33,332 |
| Hardwood-softwood | 49,080 | 905 | 49,985 |
| Hardwood | 82,480 | 1,302 | 83,782 |
| Plantations | 15,731 | 0 | 15,731 |
| Alders | 6,562 | 517 | 7,079 |
| Clear cuts | 17,462 | 12 | 17,474 |
| Dead trees | 104 | 7 | 111 |
| Total | 256,900 | 6,307 | 263,207 |

Notes 1: cover types are defined as follows:

softwood = >75% softwood

softwood/hardwood = >50% softwood, >25 % hardwood

 $hardwood/softwood = >50\% \ hardwood, >25 \ \% \ softwood$

hardwood = >75% hardwood

- 2: minor discrepancies may exist between grand totals and the sum of individual values due to rounding.
- 3: clear cuts are areas from which tree cover has been recently removed but have not been converted to other uses or regrown to a size where tree species were identifiable.
- 4; forested wetland are wetland areas which have tree cover.

Table XI
The breakdown of the land use Agricultural land cover classified with a sub use of crops (see Table II)

| | Hectares |
|-------------|----------|
| Hay | 81,451 |
| Grain | 60,968 |
| Potatoes | 47,664 |
| Pasture | 13,356 |
| Blueberries | 3,527 |
| Cranberries | 50 |
| Other crops | 4,343 |
| Bare ground | 31 |
| Buildings | 62 |
| Water | 2 |
| Total | 211.454 |

 $\label{eq:table XII} \textbf{Wetland by land cover class, excluding forested wetlands (see Table X)}$

| | Hectares |
|---|----------|
| Salt marsh | 5,692 |
| Bog | 4,913 |
| Open water | 3,544 |
| Shrub swamp | 3,551 |
| Sand dune | 3,377 |
| Meadow | 2,327 |
| Deep marsh | 2,320 |
| Shallow marsh | 1,494 |
| Wooded swamp | 1,344 |
| Brackish marsh | 1,112 |
| Seasonally flooded flat | 15 |
| Wetland total | 29,689 |
| Tidal waters upstream of the last bridge in the estuary | 7,111 |

Notes Minor discrepancies may exist between grand totals and the sum of individual values due to rounding.

A more detailed report on the Island's wetlands will be produced by the Conservation and Management Division of the Department of Fisheries, Aquaculture and Environment

The Non Evident Land Use category was used where there was no land use could not be identified. For the most part, grassed areas were former agricultural land that was no longer in use and had begun to revert to forest.

Table XIII

Non-evident land use breakdown by land cover

| | Hectares |
|--------------------------------|----------|
| Grass | 9,971 |
| Shrubs | 4,519 |
| Trees (species not identified) | 1,215 |
| Back shore beach | 7 |
| Paved | 19 |
| Bare ground | 399 |
| Water | 13 |
| Buildings | 64 |
| Total | 16,208 |

Table XIV
Residential land use breakdown by land cover

| | Hectares |
|-------------|----------|
| Grass | 7,451 |
| Shrubs | 440 |
| Buildings | 1,569 |
| Water | 4 |
| Trees | 1,535 |
| Paved | 1,083 |
| Bare ground | 284 |
| Total | 12,365 |

Note: Minor discrepancies may exist between grand totals and the sum of individual values due to rounding.

Table XV
Urban land use breakdown by land cover

| | Hectares |
|-------------|----------|
| Grass | 2,415 |
| Shrubs | 142 |
| Buildings | 1,070 |
| Trees | 829 |
| Paved | 720 |
| Bare ground | 166 |
| Total | 5,341 |

Note: Minor discrepancies may exist between grand totals and the sum of individual values due to rounding.

Table XVI Industrial land use breakdown by land cover

| | Hectares |
|---|-----------------|
| Grass | 357 |
| Shrubs | 268 |
| Buildings | 233 |
| Water | 38 |
| Trees | 173 |
| Paved | 188 |
| Bare ground (primarily excavation pits, shale pits) | 1,762 |
| Total | 3,016 |

Table XVII
Commercial land use breakdown by land cover

| | Hectares |
|-------------|----------|
| Grass | 333 |
| Shrubs | 40 |
| Buildings | 195 |
| Water | 5 |
| Trees | 72 |
| Paved | 194 |
| Bare ground | 45 |
| Total | 884 |

Note: Minor discrepancies may exist between grand totals and the sum of individual values due to rounding.

Table XVIII
Recreational land use breakdown by land cover

| | Hectares |
|-------------|----------|
| Grass | 1,122 |
| Shrubs | 46 |
| Buildings | 174 |
| Water | 118 |
| Trees | 370 |
| Paved | 102 |
| Bare ground | 225 |
| Total | 2,157 |

Note: Minor discrepancies may exist between grand totals and the sum of individual values due to rounding.

Table XIX
Land cover of Farmsteads

| | Hectares |
|-------------|----------|
| Grass | 2,365 |
| Shrubs | 142 |
| Buildings | 902 |
| Water | 10 |
| Trees | 404 |
| Paved | 465 |
| Bare ground | 245 |
| Total | 4,533 |

Note: Minor discrepancies may exist between grand totals and the sum of individual values due to rounding.

The Corporate Land Use Inventory can answer many different types of land use questions For instance, if someone needs to know the area of Prince Edward Island that is mowed for aesthetic reasons (i.e. lawns), they could find the answer in table XX. However, this number is probably an under estimate because the residential and other areas under tree crowns (3,425 ha) could also be mowed.

| | Hectares |
|--------------------|----------|
| Recreation land | 1,122 |
| Industrial land | 357 |
| Institutional land | 419 |
| Urban land | 2,415 |
| Residential land | 7,457 |
| Commercial land | 333 |
| Farmsteads | 2,365 |
| Total | 14,468 |

Comparison with earlier inventories

Table XXI compares figures from the 1980 and 1990 Forest Biomass Inventories, where they have appropriate information, with 2000 information. Note: The 1980 and 1990 numbers are based on aerial photographs taken in those years.

Table XXI

| Land use | 1980 | 1990 | 2000 |
|-----------------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | hectares | hectares | hectares |
| Forest | 273,594 | 279,193 | 263,207 |
| Agriculture | 231,590 | 226,952 | 222,094 |
| Cleared land | 18,105 | 20,631 | 16,208 |
| Excavation pits | 1,421 | 1,511 | 1,668 |
| Wetlands *13 | 14,303 | 10,491 | 17,070 |
| Sand dunes | 2,036 | 2,873*11 | 3,377 |
| Developed land | 22,828 | 22,672 | 35,358 |
| Water | 11,594*12 | 11,202 | 10,617 |
| | | | |
| Total | 574,472 | 575,525 | 575,330 |

- Notes: 1: Forest area includes; stocked forest, plantations, alders, clearcuts, forested wetlands
 - 2: The 1980 areas were recalculated after the inventory was digitized so the numbers may vary slightly from those previously published.
 - 3: The 1990 numbers also vary slightly from previously published numbers due to the conversion of that inventory to the same mapping datum and projection that is now the Provincial standard.
 - 4: Agricultural land includes; land in agricultural use including the farmsteads and hedgerows.
 - 5: Cleared land was the term was used in 1980 and 1990 and is land that has been cleared of trees but is not in agricultural use. The 2000 inventory used the term 'No evident use'.
 - 6: Developed land includes; roads, the railway right of way, urban areas, industrial areas, airports, recreational land, commercial areas.
 - 7: Wetlands excludes most coastal salt marshes.
 - 8: Water includes open water in river estuaries above the bridge closest to the ocean.
 - 9: The difference between the total Provincial areas in the three inventories is to due changes in base maps not necessarily a reflection of actual change.
 - 10: Minor discrepancies may exist between grand totals and the sum of individual values due to rounding
 - 11: The wetlands inventory based on 1990 photography reported 3,471 ha of sand dune. This number is based on the land form not the land cover that the 1980 and 1990 forest inventories reported.
 - 12: The 1980 water area includes the category of coastal feature.
 - 13. The 1990 wetland total does not reflect the more detailed wetland inventory completed by the Dept of Environment but is a generalized figure.

Land use changes

The differences between 1990 and 2000 inventories can be examined to see what has been happening over that period. Table XXII shows the changes in land classified as agriculture in 1990. Of significant note is the 10,319 ha of agricultural land that was converted to developed uses such as residential, urban, and industrial land. One can also look at the reverse, what was use of the land in 1990. This comparison showed that 10,563 ha of forest and 6,390 ha of cleared land not in agricultural use were converted to agriculture between 1990 and 2000.

Table XXII
2000 land use of land recorded as agriculture in 1990

| 1990 agricultural land in 2000 | Hectares | Comments |
|--|--|---|
| Agriculture Commercial Urban Forest Industrial Institutional Non-evident use Recreation Residential Transportation Wetland | 203523 317 723 5358 627 295 6390 663 7409 285 1250 | was retained in agriculture converted converted reverted to forest converted converted cleared land but not in active agriculture in 2000 converted converted converted converted converted converted |
| Total | 226840 | Convented |

Notes: 1: Total area of agricultural land varies by 0.05 percent due primarily to changes in coastline.

Summary

The Corporate Land Use Inventory provides a basis for monitoring land use change in the Province and the tables presented here demonstrate some of the types of analyses that can be performed using information from this inventory. No doubt, other government Departments and Agencies will carry out further examination of the inventory's findings.

References

1990/92 Prince Edward Island Forest Inventory, Summary, January 1992, Silviculture Development Section, Forestry Branch, Department of Energy and Forestry.